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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/475,526	12/30/1999	CHARLES R. YOUNT	042390.P6602	6450	
. 75	590 03/25/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP			KENDALL,	KENDALL, CHUCK O	
SEVENTH FLO	RE BOULEVARD OOR		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
LOS ANGELE	S, CA 90025		2122	() a	
			DATE MAILED: 03/25/2004	DATE MAILED: 03/25/2004 20	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	47-7			
	09/475,526	YOUNT ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Chuck O Kendall	2122				
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperent of the Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addr	ess			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nety filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this comi D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	munication.			
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 Fe	bruary 2004.					
·	action is non-final.					
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closed in accordance with the practice under E.	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 21-45 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 21-45 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	n from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	<u>.</u>					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa			• •			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in Application ty documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National St	age ^ʻ			
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	te	52)			
S. Patent and Trademark Office						

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is in response to the application filed 02/12/04

Claims 21 - 45 have been examined.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 21, 22, 31, & 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hollander USPN 6,347,388 B1 (hereinafter "Hollander"), in view of Bauman et al. USPN 6,226,716 (hereinafter "Bauman").

Regarding claims 21, & 31 Hollander discloses a method, and system (see FIG. 1, for system) comprising:

generating a first test program population to test the functionality of an integrated circuit (IC), the first test program comprising a plurality of test programs having a first set of instructions and data;

executing each of the test programs in the first test program population; evaluating a first set of coverage, data from the first test program to determine if the IC has been sufficiently tested (7:5 – 12), wherein evaluating the first set of coverage data comprises comparing the coverage data to a predetermined coverage requirement (5:32-37, see coverage data and cross coverage analysis); and

generating a second program population if the IC has not been sufficiently tested by the first test program population (FIG. 2, 235 and column 9 lines 7 - 10), the second test program comprising a plurality of updated test program is a mutation of the first test

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program population for a combination of two or more of the test programs of the first test program population. Hollander doesn't explicitly disclose updated test program is a mutation of the first test program population for a combination of two or more of the test programs of the first test program population. However, Bauman does disclose this in an analogous prior art (Bauman, 11: 60 – 65, see as modified in the second test case, 602). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skills in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Hollander and Bauman because, modifying and updating test programs with previous ones, keeps testing more consistent and targeted.

Regarding claims 22, the method of claim 21, further comprising:

executing the second test program population (Hollander, 5: 5 - 10, see optional testing and co-verification).

Regarding claim 32, the system version, of claim 22, see rationale as previously discussed above.

4. Claims 23, 24, 33 & 34 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hollander USPN 6,347,388 B1 (hereinafter "Hollander"), in view of Bauman et al. USPN 6,226,716 (hereinafter "Bauman") as applied in claims 22, and 32 in view of Hayes USPN 5,799,266.

Regarding claims 23 & 33, Hollander as modified by Bauman, discloses all the claimed limitation as applied in claims 22 and 32. The modification of Hollander and Bauman doesn't explicitly disclose generating a first abstract syntax tree. However Hayes does disclose this limitation. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Hollander and Bauman with Hayes to implement the instant claimed invention because, generating tests using syntax trees allows programmer to test all possible combination thereby achieving the desired results.

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Regarding claim 24, Hollander as modified by Bauman discloses all the claimed limitation as applied in claim 23. The modification of Hollander and Bauman doesn't explicitly disclose generating a generating a second abstract syntax tree and translating the first AST into a first executable. However Hayes does disclose this limitation in an analogous prior art (Hayes, 8:45 – 50 as understood by the examiner a test driver utilizes a syntax tree, therefore since art discloses a plurality of drivers examiner interprets a second abstract syntax tree to be inherent also see Fig. 3, also see Fig. 6, 66, 68, 70 also see 8: 45 – 50). Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Hollander and Bauman with Hayes to implement the instant claimed invention because, generating tests using syntax trees allows programmer to test all possible combination thereby achieving the desired results.

Regarding claim 34, the system version of claim 24, see rationale as previously discussed in claim 24.

5. Claims 25 – 30, & 36 – 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hollander USPN 6,347,388 B1 (hereinafter "Hollander"), in view of Bauman et al. USPN 6,226,716 (hereinafter "Bauman") as applied in claims 24, and 34 in view of Hayes USPN 5,799,266 and further in view of Miller et al USPN 6,175,948 B1 hereinafter Miller.

Regarding claims 25 & 35, the modification of Hollander, Bauman and Hayes discloses all the claim limitations as applied in claims 24 and 34. The modification of Hollander, Bauman and Hayes doesn't explicitly disclose mutating a selected AST. However, Miller does disclose this feature (Fig. 4, 40). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the modification of Hollander, Bauman and Hayes with Miller to implement the instant claimed invention because, making an AST reusable makes generating tests more efficient.

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Regarding claim 26, the modification of Hollander, Bauman and Hayes discloses all the claim limitations as applied in claims 25 above. The modification of Hollander, Bauman and Hayes doesn't disclose wherein mutating AST comprises removing a segment of the selected AST and inserting a replacement into the selected. However, Miller does disclose this feature in an analogous art (14: 60 – 65). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the modification of Hollander, Bauman and Hayes with Miller because, modifying the AST's would make the system more reusable.

Regarding claim 27, see claim 24 for reasoning.

Regarding claim 28, method of claim 25 wherein mutating a AST comprises; selecting the first and second AST into mutated AST (Miller, 3:30 – 35, see integration and merging).

Regarding claim 29, see claim 27 for reasoning.

Regarding claim 30, the method of claim 23 further comprising adding the first AST and the first set of coverage data into a test program after the first test program population has been executed, see (Hollander Figure 1, for coverage data).

Regarding claim 36, see claim 26 for reasoning.

Regarding claim 37, see claim 27 for reasoning.

Regarding claim 38, see claim 28 for reasoning.

Regarding claim 39, see claim 29 for reasoning.

Regarding claim 40, see claim 30 for reasoning.

Response to Arguments

6. Regarding Applicant's arguments filed 02/12/04 with respect to claims 21 – 40 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Reasons for Allowance

7. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: Claims 41
- 45 are in condition for allowance, because prior art does not teach or render obvious:

"... a feed back engine to build and update a population test program by generating an abstract tree (AST) for each test program.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Correspondence Information

8. Any inquires concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chuck O. Kendall who may be reached via telephone at (703) 308-6608. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday between 8:00 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. est.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tuan Dam can be reached at (703) 305-4552.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

For facsimile (fax) send to 703-7467239 official and 703-7467240 draft

Chuck &. Kendall

Coftware Engineer Patent Examiner

M: 2

WEI Y. ZHEN PRIMARY PATENT EXAMINES